

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

Pearson Edexcel
International
Advanced Level

Centre Number

--	--	--	--	--	--

Candidate Number

--	--	--	--	--	--

Mechanics M2

Advanced/Advanced Subsidiary

Monday 23 June 2014 – Morning
Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper Reference

WME02/01

You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Blue)

Total Marks

--

Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B). Coloured pencils and highlighter pens must not be used.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Whenever a numerical value of g is required, take $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$, and give your answer to either two significant figures or three significant figures.
- When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

P44520A

©2014 Pearson Education Ltd.

5/5/1/



PEARSON

4.

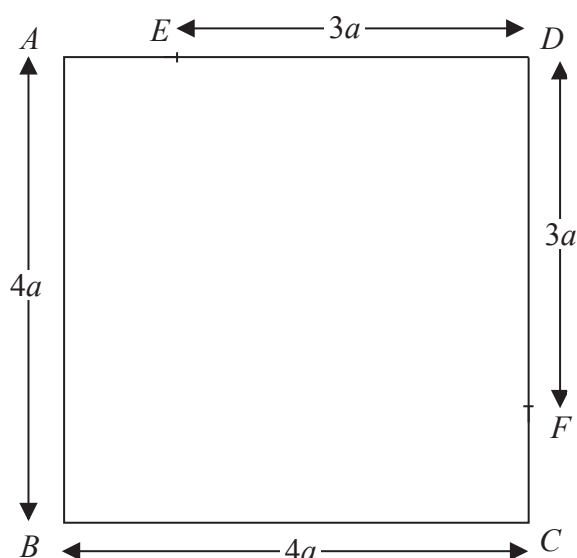


Figure 2

The uniform square lamina $ABCD$ shown in Figure 2 has sides of length $4a$. The points E and F , on DA and DC respectively, are both at a distance $3a$ from D .

The portion DEF of the lamina is folded through 180° about EF to form the folded lamina $ABCFE$ shown in Figure 3 below.

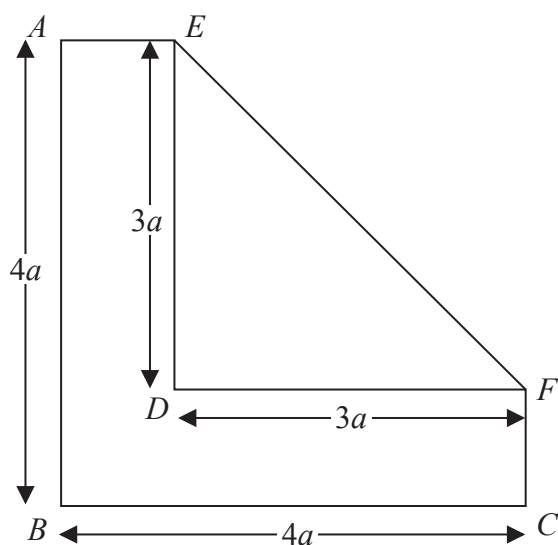


Figure 3

(a) Show that the distance from AB of the centre of mass of the folded lamina is $\frac{55}{32}a$. (6)

The folded lamina is freely suspended from E and hangs in equilibrium.

(b) Find the size of the angle between ED and the downward vertical. (4)



